

Patent
52478-7500

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A gas discharge panel having (a) a plurality of cells arranged in a matrix, each cell being filled with a discharge gas which is enclosed between a facing pair of substrates, and a plurality of barrier ribs interposed between the pair of substrates, and (b) plural pairs of display electrodes arranged on an inner surface of one of the substrates so as to extend in a row direction of the matrix across the cells, wherein image display is generated by a discharge fired between the plural pairs of display electrodes, each pair of display electrodes comprising:

two bus lines, being parallel to each other and extending in the row direction of the matrix;

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged within each cell on an inner side of one or both of the bus lines so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite bus line; [[and]]

one or more outer protrusions, being arranged within each cell so as to protrude from an outer side of one or both of the bus lines, at least a section of each of the inner and outer protrusions being positioned between two adjacent barrier ribs, and

a panel driving circuit addressing and displaying an image, wherein the plural pairs of display electrodes are each formed of a scan electrode and a sustain electrode positioned immediately adjacent to each other and the panel driving circuit drives the image display by causing a discharge to be fired between addressed plural pairs of display electrodes, each pair of display electrodes receiving a sustain pulse during the image display.

2. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein a relation $Pe = A \times Ps/n$ is satisfied in relation to the two bus lines, Pe being a pitch of either the inner or outer protrusions,

Patent
52478-7500

P_s being a pitch of the cells along the row direction of the matrix, A being a positive value less than 1, and n being a natural number.

3. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein the bus lines are composed of a metal and the inner and outer protrusions are composed of a transparent electrode material.

4. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein the outer protrusions extend in a column direction of the matrix, a surface area of each of the outer protrusions being greater than a surface area of each of the inner protrusions.

5. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 4, wherein a width of each of the outer protrusions along the row direction of the matrix is wider as a distance from the bus line increases.

6. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein a width of an end section of each of the inner protrusions along the row direction of the matrix is narrower than a base section thereof.

7. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein a shortest discharge gap between the plural pairs of display electrodes corresponds to a minimum discharge firing voltage or a voltage in a vicinity thereof as shown on a Paschen curve plotting a relationship between a Pd product and a discharge firing voltage, P being a pressure of the discharge gas and d being a discharge gap.

Patent
52478-7500

8. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein the inner surface of the substrate arranged with the plural pairs of display electrodes is covered with an insulating layer, an area of the insulating layer that corresponds to a shortest discharge gap being composed of magnesium oxide and a remaining area thereof being composed of a material having a lower electron emission rate than magnesium oxide.

9. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 8, wherein the material having a lower electron emission rate than magnesium oxide is aluminum oxide.

10. (Previously Presented) The gas discharge panel of claim 1, wherein the inner protrusions are provided on each of the two bus lines, the ends of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the bus lines being out of alignment along the row direction of the matrix, and the outer protrusions being arranged so that the discharge fired between the plural pairs of display electrodes expands from the inner protrusions to the outer protrusions.

11. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein a relation $Pe = A \times Ps/n$ is satisfied in relation to the two bus lines, Pe being a pitch of either the inner or outer protrusions, Ps being a pitch of the cells along the row direction of the matrix, A being a positive value less than 1, and n being a natural number.

12. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein the inner protrusions have squared ends along the row direction of the matrix, the squared ends of any two closest facing inner protrusions being out of alignment such that a width in the row direction of the matrix of a section of the squared ends that face each other is 10 μm or less

Patent
52478-7500

13. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein the inner protrusions have tapered ends along the row direction of the matrix, the tapered ends of any two closest facing inner protrusions being out of alignment by 10 μ m or more along the row direction of the matrix.

14. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein a plurality of barrier ribs are formed between the pair of substrates along a column direction of the matrix, at least a section of the inner protrusions overlapping with the barrier ribs.

15. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein the outer protrusions extend in a column direction of the matrix, a surface area of each of the outer protrusions being greater than a surface area of each of the inner protrusions.

16. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein a width of each of the outer protrusions along the row direction of the matrix is wider as the distance from the bus line increases.

17. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein a shape of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the bus lines is different.

18. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein a shortest discharge gap between the plural pairs of display electrodes corresponds to a minimum discharge firing voltage or a voltage in a vicinity thereof as shown on a Paschen curve plotting a relationship between a Pd product and a discharge firing voltage, P being a pressure of the discharge gas and d being a discharge gap.

Patent
52478-7500

19. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 10, wherein the inner surface of the substrate arranged with the plural pairs of display electrodes is covered with an insulating layer, an area of the insulating layer that corresponds to a shortest discharge gap being composed of magnesium oxide and a remaining area thereof being composed of a material having a lower electron emission rate than magnesium oxide.

20. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 19, wherein the material having a lower electron emission rate than magnesium oxide is aluminum oxide.

21. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge panel having (a) a plurality of cells arranged in a matrix, each cell being filled with a discharge gas which is enclosed between a facing pair of substrates and a plurality of barrier ribs interposed between the pair of substrates, and (b) plural pairs of display electrodes composed of a metal and arranged on an inner surface of one of the substrates so as to extend in a row direction of the matrix, wherein image display is generated by a discharge fired between the plural pairs of display electrodes, each pair of display electrodes comprising:

two bases, being parallel to each other and extending in the row direction of the matrix; and

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged within each cell on an inner side of each of the bases so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite base, the ends of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the bases being out of alignment along the row direction of the matrix.

22. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 21, wherein a relation $Pe = A \times Ps/n$ is satisfied in relation to the two bus lines, Pe being a pitch of either the inner or outer

Patent
52478-7500

protrusions, PS being a pitch of the cells along the row direction of the matrix, A being a positive value less than 1, and n being a natural number.

23. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 21, wherein the inner protrusions have squared ends along the row direction of the matrix, the squared ends of any two closest facing inner protrusions being out of alignment such that a width in the row direction of the matrix of a section of the squared ends that face each other is 10 μm or less.

24. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 21, wherein the inner protrusions have tapered ends along the row direction of the matrix, the tapered ends of any two closest facing inner protrusions being out of alignment by 10 μm or more along the row direction of the matrix.

25. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 21, wherein a plurality of barrier ribs are formed between the pair of substrates along a column direction of the matrix, at least a section of the inner protrusions overlapping with the barrier ribs.

26. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 21, wherein a shape of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the bases is different.

27. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 21, wherein a shortest discharge gap between the plural pairs of display electrodes corresponds to a minimum discharge firing voltage or a voltage in a vicinity thereof as shown on a Paschen curve plotting a relationship between a Pd product and a discharge firing voltage, P being a pressure of the discharge gas and d being a discharge gap.

Patent
52478-7500

28. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge panel having (a) a plurality of cells arranged in a matrix, each cell being filled with a discharge gas which is enclosed between a facing pair of substrates and a plurality of barrier ribs interposed between the pair of substrates, and (b) plural pairs of display electrodes arranged on an inner surface of one of the substrates so as to extend in a row direction of the matrix, each pair of display electrodes comprising:

two bases, being extended in a row direction of the matrix and having a snaky configuration along the plural pairs of display electrodes.

29. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 28, wherein a wavelength of each of the bases is out of alignment by half a wavelength.

30. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 28, wherein the plural pairs of display electrodes are arranged so that a bus line part composed of metal and extending in a row direction of the matrix is connected electrically to each of the bases.

31. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 30, wherein the bases are composed of a transparent electrode material.

32. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 28, wherein the bases are composed of a metal.

33. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge panel having (a) a plurality of cells arranged in a matrix, each cell being filled with a discharge gas which is enclosed between a facing pair of substrates and a plurality of barrier ribs interposed between the pair of substrates, and (b) plural pairs of display electrodes arranged on an inner surface of one of the substrates so as to extend in a row direction of the matrix, each pair of display electrodes comprising:

Patent
52478-7500

two bus lines, being extended in a row direction of the matrix; and
two bases, being connected electrically to and having a snaky configuration along the bus lines, at least a section of the bases being arranged so as to be separate between two adjacent barrier ribs.

34-37. (Cancelled)

38. (Currently Amended) A gas discharge device having plural pairs of electrodes arranged to face a discharge space filled with a discharge gas wherein a voltage is applied to each of the electrodes so as to fire a discharge between the plural pairs of electrodes and generate illumination, each pair of electrodes comprising:

two electrode bases, being extended in a same direction;

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged on an inner side of one or both of the electrode bases so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite electrode base; ~~[[and]]~~

one or more outer protrusions, being arranged so as to protrude from an outer side of one or both of the electrode bases to enable a discharge between the inner protrusions to expand outward to the outer protrusions to provide increased illumination, and

a panel driving circuit addressing and displaying an image, wherein the plural pairs of display electrodes are each formed of a scan electrode and a sustain electrode positioned immediately adjacent to each other and the panel driving circuit drives an image display by causing a discharge to be fired between addressed plural pairs of display electrodes, each pair of display electrodes receiving a sustain pulse during the image display.

Patent
52478-7500

39. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 38, wherein each pair of electrodes has two electrode bases that extend in a same direction and snake along the one or more pairs of electrodes.

40. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 38, wherein the ends of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the electrode bases are out of alignment.

41. (Original) The gas discharge panel of claim 40, wherein each pair of electrodes has two electrode bases that extend in a same direction and snake along the one or more pairs of electrodes, a wavelength of each of the electrode bases being out of alignment.

42. (Previously Presented) The gas discharge panel of claim 3, wherein the bus lines are composed of silver.

43. (Previously Presented) The gas discharge panel of Claim 10, wherein the outer protrusions are formed unitarily with the bus line and the inner protrusions.

44. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge panel having (a) a plurality of cells arranged in a matrix, each cell being filled with a discharge gas which is enclosed between a facing pair of substrates, and a plurality of barrier ribs interposed between the pair of substrates, and (b) plural pairs of display electrodes arranged on an inner surface of one of the substrates so as to extend in a row direction of the matrix, wherein image display is generated by a discharge fired between the plural pairs of display electrodes, each pair of display electrodes comprising:

two bus lines, being parallel to each other and extending in the row direction of the matrix;

Patent
52478-7500

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged within each cell on an inner side of one or both of the bus lines so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite bus line; and

one or more outer protrusions, being arranged within each cell so as to protrude from an outer side of one or both of the bus lines, at least a section of each of the inner and outer protrusions being positioned between two adjacent barrier ribs, wherein the inner surface of the substrate arranged with the plural pairs of display electrodes is covered with an insulating layer, an area of the insulating layer that corresponds to a shortest discharge gap being composed of magnesium oxide and a remaining area thereof being composed of a material having a lower electron emission rate than magnesium oxide.

45. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge panel having (a) a plurality of cells arranged in a matrix, each cell being filled with a discharge gas which is enclosed between a facing pair of substrates, and a plurality of barrier ribs interposed between the pair of substrates, and (b) plural pairs of display electrodes arranged on an inner surface of one of the substrates so as to extend in a row direction of the matrix, wherein image display is generated by a discharge fired between the plural pairs of display electrodes, each pair of display electrodes comprising:

two bus lines, being parallel to each other and extending in the row direction of the matrix;

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged within each cell on an inner side of one or both of the bus lines so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite bus line; and

one or more outer protrusions, being arranged within each cell so as to protrude from an outer side of one or both of the bus lines, at least a section of each of the inner and outer protrusions being positioned between two adjacent barrier ribs, wherein the inner protrusions are

Patent
52478-7500

provided on each of the two bus lines, the ends of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the bus lines being out of alignment along the row direction of the matrix, and the outer protrusions being arranged so that the discharge fired between the plural pairs of display electrodes expands from the inner protrusions to the outer protrusions.

46. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge device having one or more pairs of electrodes arranged to face a discharge space filled with a discharge gas, wherein a voltage is applied to each of the electrodes so as to fire a discharge between the one or more pairs of electrodes and generate illumination, each pair of electrodes comprising:

two electrode bases, being extended in a same direction;

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged on an inner side of one or both of the electrode bases so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite electrode base; and

one or more outer protrusions, being arranged so as to protrude from an outer side of one or both of the electrode bases to enable a discharge between the inner protrusions to expand outward to the outer protrusions to provide increased illumination, wherein each pair of electrodes has two electrode bases that extend in a same direction and snake along the one or more pairs of electrodes.

47. (Previously Presented) A gas discharge device having one or more pairs of electrodes arranged to face a discharge space filled with a discharge gas, wherein a voltage is applied to each of the electrodes so as to fire a discharge between the one or more pairs of electrodes and generate illumination, each pair of electrodes comprising:

two electrode bases, being extended in a same direction;

Patent

~~52478-7500~~

one or more inner protrusions, being arranged on an inner side of one or both of the electrode bases so as to protrude toward an inner side of an opposite electrode base; and

one or more outer protrusions, being arranged so as to protrude from an outer side of one or both of the electrode bases to enable a discharge between the inner protrusions to expand outward to the outer protrusions to provide increased illumination, wherein the ends of the inner protrusions arranged on each of the electrode bases are out of alignment.

48. (Previously Presented) The gas discharge panel of claim 47, wherein each pair of electrodes has two electrode bases that extend in a same direction and snake along the one or more pairs of electrodes, a wavelength of each of the electrode bases being out of alignment.

49-53. (Cancelled)